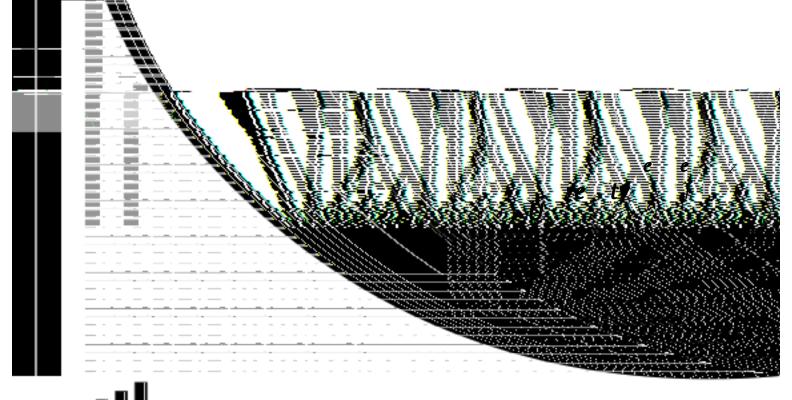
University of Alaska Graduate Survey 2012



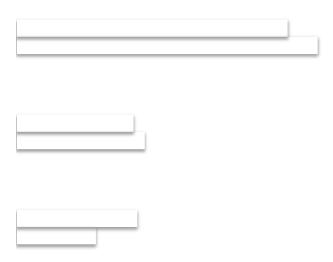
University of Alaska Graduate Survey 2012

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Introduction and Methodology

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Satisfaction with University of Alaska

- Most graduates were either satisfied or very satisfied with their overall academic experience (87 percent) and their overall education (88 percent) at UA.
- Net satisfaction with intellectual and personal growth was also high: 89 percent for intellectual growth and 84 percent for personal growth.
- Graduates were most likely to report being very satisfied with their personal growth at UA than any other
 aspect of their experience. Exactly half of graduates said they were very satisfied with their personal
 growth. Forty-eight percent were very satisfied with their intellectual growth, 41 percent with their
 overall academic experience, 40 percent with their overall education, and 33 percent with preparation for
 their career.
- One in ten graduates reported they were dissatisfied with preparation for their career at UA, while 72
 percent were satisfied or very satisfied, and 17 percent were neutral. UAS graduates were more likely to
 be satisfied with career preparation (85 percent) than graduates from the other MAUs (70 percent each
 for UAA and UAF).
- Aside from career preparation, graduate dissatisfaction with other aspects of their UA experience was low, accounting for 2 to 5 percent of respondents in each category.
- UAS graduates were more likely to be very satisfied with their UA experience in every category, while UAA graduates were least likely. Over half (51 percent) of UAS graduates were very satisfied with their overall academic experience, compared to 43 percent of UAF graduates and 38 percent of UAA graduates. Half of UAS graduates were very satisfied with their overall education, compared to UAF graduates (41 percent) and UAA graduates (38 percent). UAS graduates were more likely to report being very satisfied with their intellectual growth (59 percent) than UAF graduates (48 percent) or UAA graduates (45 percent). For personal growth, 60 percent of UAS graduates were very satisfied, compared to 54 percent of UAF graduates and 46 percent of UAA graduates.
- Among the different degree types, BA graduates were least likely to be satisfied with their career preparation (62 percent), compared to 80 percent of MA/PhD graduates and 77 percent of AA/CT graduates. BA graduates also were least likely to report satisfaction with their overall academic experience (83 percent), compared to 91 percent of MA/PhD graduates and 89 percent of AA/CT graduates. Though BA graduates reported slightly lower levels of satisfaction with the other categories, those differences fell within the margin of error.
- Graduates classified as "distance" students (those who took half or fewer of their classes in person) rated their UA experience similarly to non-distance students in all categories except for career preparation. "Distance" graduates were more likely to report satisfaction with their career preparation at UA, with 82 percent satisfied or very satisfied compared to 69 percent of non-distance students.
- For several aspects of the UA experience, graduates from all fields of study, with the exception of Engineering, gave similar ratings. (comparing net satisfaction):

- o For overall academic experience, graduates from most fields of study rated their experience similarly (ranging from 86 to 89 percent satisfied). Fewer Engineering graduates were satisfied or very satisfied with their experience (80 percent).
- o For overall education, Engineering graduates were again least likely to report satisfaction (79 percent), compared to 84 percent of Voc/Ed graduates and 88 to 91 percent of graduates from each other field of study.
- o For intellectual growth, 87 to 93 percent of graduates from each field, aside from Engineering, reported satisfaction with this aspect of their experience, with 83 percent of Engineering graduates satisfied.
- Graduates rated their experience differently depending on their field of study for personal growth and career preparation:
 - o For personal growth, the largest proportion of graduates to report being satisfied or very satisfied were those from Math/Science/Computer (89 percent) and Health (87 percent) fields of study, followed closely by Educati

Planning and Goals

Plans at Start of Degree Program

- Most (91 percent) UA graduates reported that when they started their UA degree/certificate program, they planned to obtain a degree/certificate at UA. A small proportion of graduates had planned to transfer to another school (4 percent), and 5 percent responded that they had no formal plans. Plans reported by graduates were similar for all campuses.
- MA/PhD graduates were more likely to say they plan

Choice of Field of Study

- Just over half (53 percent) of graduates said that, given the chance to start college over again, they would choose the same field of study, while 27 percent responded maybe, and 17 percent said they would not choose the same field.
- MA/PhD graduates were the most likely to say they would choose their field of study again (61 percent), while BA graduates were the most likely to say they would not (20 percent).
- Math/Science/Computers (65 percent), Engineering (64 percent) and Health graduates (64 percent) were the most likely report they would choose the same field of study again.
- Arts/Humanities/Social Sciences (22 percent), followed by Business/Public Administration and Voc/Ed graduates (20 percent each) responded most frequently that they would not choose the same field of

Factors in Degree Attainment

Graduates were asked about the importance of various factors in helping them attain their degree: support from friends/classmates, family, UA faculty, UA staff, and the Career Services Center; availability of financial aid; ability to work while going to school; ability to take some/all classes online; and love of learning/subject matter.

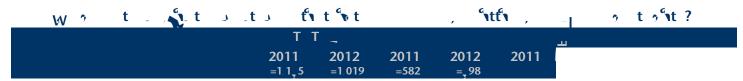
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o Three-quarters each of Health and Math/Science/Computer graduates reported love of learning/ subject matter was very important, followed closely by 72 percent of Arts/Humanities/Social Sciences graduates. Engineering graduates were the least likely to cite this factor as very important, at 48 percent.

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• Overall, the percentage of UA graduates choosing "very important"

- Arts/Humanities/Social Sciences graduates were most likely to cite availability of financial aid as most important (22 percent). Engineering and Education graduates were least likely to cite this factor (13 percent each), followed by Voc/Ed graduates (14 percent).
- The ability to work while going to school was cited by a significantly larger proportion of graduates in Voc/Ed (23 percent) and Business/Public Administration and Education (19 percent each) than graduates in the other fields of study. Math/Science/Computer graduates were least likely to cite this factor (8 percent).
- Support from UA faculty was identified as most important by 19 percent of Math/Science/Computer graduates, a larger percentage than from the other fields of study. Only 5 percent of Health graduates reported this factor as most important.
- For 18 percent of Education graduates, the ability to take some/all classes online was most important, a factor that was cited as most important by only 1 percent of Math/Science/Computer graduates.
- Engineering graduates were more likely to cite support of friends/classmates as most important (19 percent) than graduates from other fields of study. This factor was identified as most important by 6 to 9 percent of graduates from each other field of study.



Activities, Work, and Internships While Attending UA

 Overall, 55 percent of UA graduates participated in at least one group or activity while attending UA. By campus, UAF graduates were more likely to have participated (64 percent) than UAA graduates (52

Distance Education

- Just over three-quarters (76 percent) of UA graduates attended most or all of their classes in person, leaving 24 percent who can be identified as "distance" students. UAS graduates were much more likely to be distance students: 64 percent attended half, some, or none of their classes in person, compared to 20 percent of UAA graduates and 16 percent of UAF graduates.
- The percentage of distance students varies considerably by degree type. MA/PhD graduates were most likely to be distance students, with 35 percent attending half, some, or none of their classes in person. In comparison, BA graduates were least likely to be distance students (10 percent); 27 percent of AA/CT graduates were identified as distance students.
- Education graduates were most likely to be distance students (59 percent), followed by Business/Public Administration (30 percent) and Health graduates (29 percent). Arts/Humanities/Social Sciences (18 percent) and Engineering graduates (11 percent) were less likely to be distance students. Very few Math/Science/Computer and Voc/Ed graduates were distance students (3 percent for each field of study).
- Forty-two percent of distance students attended some of their classes in person, while 31 percent reported attending about half of their classes in person, and the remaining 27 percent attended none of their classes in person.

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• The proportion of distance to non-distance students was similar over the past two years, with the percentage of graduates who reported taking half, some, or none of their classes in person at 24 percent in both 2011 and 2012. Results by campus were also similar between the two years.



Working While Attending UA

- Three-quarters (74 percent) of respondents worked during their final year of school at UA, including 80 percent of UAS graduates, 74 percent of UAA graduates, and 72 percent of UAF graduates.
- MA/PhD graduates were most likely to have worked during their final year before graduating from UA (81 percent), while 74 percent of AA/CT graduates reported working. BA graduates were least likely to have worked, at 69 percent.
- Distance graduates were significantly more likely to have worked (84 percent), versus non-distance graduates (71 percent).
- Of those who worked during the final school year before graduating, 68 percent worked off-campus, 18 percent worked on-campus, and 14 pc -56 (A -2 () -56 (9 612.76cm BT 9334.6 cm.24 0 0 0.24 178.3078 558.76

•	Among graduates who reported working their final year, 61 percent said that at least some of their work was related to their degree or certificate program. UAS graduates (78 percent) were more likely to report work related to their degree or certificate program than UAF (65 percent) or UAA graduates (55 percent).
•	

Int	ern	ısh	ips

• Over one-

•	The	percentage	of	graduates	reporting	their	internship	was

Place of Residence • The vast majority (85 percent

graduates.

Using UA Knowledge and Skills

- Most employed graduates reported using the skills and knowledge learned from their degree or certificate program in their current position: 58 percent of employed graduates reported using the skills and knowledge on a daily basis; 14 percent on a weekly basis; 4 percent monthly; and 20 percent reported rarely using the skills and knowledge.
- MA/PhD graduates were more likely to report using their skills on a daily basis, at 68 percent. This compares to 54 percent of AA/CT graduates and 51 percent of BA graduates.
- Eight in ten Education (81 percent) and Health graduates (80 percent) reported they use their UA knowledge daily. A little over half of Business/Public Administration (55 percent), Engineering (55 percent), Math/Science/Computer (53 percent), and Voc/Ed graduates (53 percent) reported

Industries

- Employed graduates were most likely to work in education (26 percent), followed by health care/social services (14 percent) and government (13 percent).
- Differences between MAUs generally fell within the margin of error, aside from the percentage of UAS students employed in education (44 percent, compared to 26 percent of UAF graduates and 21 percent of UAA graduates).
- Distance graduates were over twice as likely to be employed in education than non-distance graduates (43 percent distance, versus 20 percent non-distance).

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- Overall, the proportion of employed UA graduates in each industry remained fairly consistent between 2011 and 2012 aside from a decrease in health care/social services employment (from 18 to 14 percent, a further drop from 21 percent in 2010). UAA was the only MAU with a significant drop in health care/social services employment, from 25 to 16 percent.
- The percentage of UAF graduates who reported working in the education industry fell from 34 percent in 2011 to 26 percent in 2012, while education employment fell only slightly (2 percent) for UAA graduates and remained steady for UAS graduates.

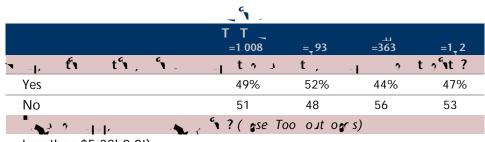
Salary and Benefits

- The most frequently cited salary among all graduates was between \$50,001 and \$75,000, at 20 percent of graduates, followed by \$35,001 to \$50,000 (17 percent). The mean annual salary earned was \$37,500. The percentage of graduates in each salary category was generally similar across MAUs. UAS graduates reported the highest mean annual salary, at \$40,700, followed by UAF graduates at \$37,700 and UAA graduates at \$36,600.
- AA/CT and BA graduates were more likely to report salary ranges \$35,000 and lower, while MA/PhD graduates were more likely to report salary range above \$35,000. The largest proportion of MA/PhD reported salaries between \$50,001-\$75,000 (37 percent), BA graduates were mostly likely to cite the \$35,001-\$50,000 range (19 percent), and AA/CT graduates were most likely to report \$25,001 to \$35,000 or under \$15,000 (17 percent for each category).
- Twelve percent of graduates reported they do not currently earn any income. AA/CT (16 percent) and BA graduates (15 percent) were more likely than MA



Loans

- Two new questions in 2012 asked respondents about their student loans. Half of graduates said they took
 out loans to complete their degree or certificate, with similar rates among the different MAUs (52 percent
 for UAA, 47 percent for UAS, and 44 percent for UAF).
- Among those who took out loans, the average amount borrowed was \$29,000. UAA respondents reported an average loan amount of \$30,000; UAF graduates reported an average of \$29,000; and UAS graduates reported an average of \$26,000.



Less than \$5,32h0 0t)

Difficulty of Finding a Job

- Over half (52 percent) of employed graduates reported the process of getting a job was easy or very easy, while 45 percent said it was difficult or very difficult. The results were similar across degree types.
- UAF graduates were the most likely to report a difficult or very difficult process (49 percent), compared to 44 percent of UAA graduates and 39 percent of UAS graduates.
- Among fields of study, Education graduates were most likely to report a difficult or very difficult job-seeking process, at 56 percent. Engineering (46 percent), Arts/Humanities/Social Sciences (46 percent), and Voc/Ed (45 percent) graduates were the next most likely to report a difficult process.

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Almost half (46 percent) of employed graduates report that they put a lot of effort into their job search
Twenty-

Geographical Area

- Among employed graduates, 84 percent focused their job search within Alaska, followed by 8 percent who focused in the Pacific Northwest and 5 percent outside of the U.S.
- Education graduates were the most likely to report focusing their job search on Alaska (91 percent). Math/Science/Computer graduates were the least likely, at 76 percent.

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- The proportion of graduates focusing their job search in each geographic area was similar between 2011 and 2012.
- The two largest changes were the proportion of UAF graduates who focused their search in the Pacific Northwest (increased by 7 percent), and the proportion of UAS graduates searching in Alaska (decreased by 7 percent).



Sources for Current Position					

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		Т.	Г 🚤				ш		
		2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012
		=31	=330	=1,3	=1,77	=113	=103	=39	= 8
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Business		18%	16%	18%	17%				

Future	Enrollr	nent	Plane

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UA Graduate Profile

The following information shows results from data provided by the University of Alaska on their graduate population. Survey data closely matched these percentages.



Fields of Study

Following are definitions of the seven fields of study analyzed in this report. The University of Alaska provided these definitions.

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Accounting

Applied Business

Accounting Technician Admin Office Supp Administration of Justice Applied Accounting Office Digital Media Office Foundations

Office Management & Technology

Office Occupations Office Support Office Technology

Geographic Information Sys					

Tate P , on a second to the Applied Physics

Other Responses

Following are "other" responses.

ANSEP

Cisco netriders

Commuter student services

Faculty activities outside of school

Fund raising

Graduate research

Math club

Ptk member

Student ambassador

Student art shows

Student employment

Student employment

Study abroad

Study abroad

Teaching assistant

Veterans club

Volunteer work at museum

Volunteer work outside of UA

CDAC, Nanook traditions

Club related to minor

Clubs outside of major

Clubs unrelated to major

Deathnet

Family housing events for UAF

Graduate research assistant

Juggling club (gravity works)

Pen pal through AmeriCorps

Rural human services

Student veterans

UAF student ambassador program

Watched volleyball and basketball games

Worked as a ta

Assisted in an AHIMA seminar Journalism independent study internship

PITAAS

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Haven't used it yet
I would have to pay for their services
Never took the time to use it
No director & office was short-staffed
Other students had bad experiences
Staff not very helpful when I inquired
Still working towards another degree
Told by faculty they didn't have job help
Used my academic advisor
Was anticipating grad school next

Attempted... Not helpful/relevant
I am retired and came back to school
I am self-employed.
I felt they were ill prepared to aid me.
I used it after I

Clinical research

Coaching

Cosmetology

Development/fundraising

Dog care services

Engineering

Engineering

Horticulture

Hydrographic surveying

Lab tech

Native owned company

Private school

Research

Research

Research

Research

Small business

Teaching Assistant as Graduate

Student

Server
Skilled laborer
Staff Nurse at Hospital
Student
Substitute teacher
Substitute teacher and art instructor
Supply chain

Medical record assistant

Minimum wage worker meat

New accounts representative

New media producer

Orthodontic assistant/Safeway employee

Personal care assistant

Planner

Police officer

Post Office contractor

Post-doc

Postdoctoral fellow

Probation officer

Production assistant

Receptionist, medical assistant

Self-employed photographer

Sr Petroleum engineer

Stylist

Substance abuse counselor

Substitute teacher

Substitute teacher

Teachers assistant

Teaching assistant

Tech support / system admin

Trainer/presenter/speaker

Tree planter

Unlicensed post-doctoral psychologist

VP of Land & Resources

Waitress, flower sales

Web designer

Academic advisor for UAS

Accounts Receivable in the Medical Field

Booking manager

CNA

Cultural interpreter cruise ship

Education associate

Fire fighter

GIS

Giving direct service to special people

Grants manager

Human resource technician III

Human resources

Human resources

Medical coder

Nursing home administrator

Roustabout

Tutor

Computer science

Counseling education

Dietetics

Digital art

Digital art

Digital art and art

Emergency management

Environment & society

Fine art

Fine art

Global Logistics and Supply Chain Management.

History

History

Integrated nutrition

Journalism and Public Communications

Justice

Justice

Logistics

M.A. in Cultural Sustainability

Marketing and Legal Studies

Music, performance

Nursing

Paramedic technology

Professional counseling

Psychology

Public administration

Social work

Student affairs

Art History and Visual Culture
Art of Acting
Clinical psychology

Outside of AK
Something in Seattle.
University of Arizona
University of California
University of Colorado Boulder
University of Hawaii
University of Iowa
University of Michigan
University of Michigan
University of Missouri
University of TN
University of Trømso, Norway
University of Washington
Washington

Architectural design Atmospheric Science Communication Computer Science Mass media

Health Care Management journalism Web Development

Survey Instrument

See attached.		



- Professional services firm (law, engineering, consulting, etc.)
 Media organization (radio, newspaper, TV, etc.)
- Mining/oil company 11
- 12 Other __

7b. What was your hourly wage for your internship?

o1 **\$0**; unpaid

\$9.00-\$11.99/hour

05

02	Starting/raising a family	06	Additional graduate or professional study
03	Military/armed services	07	Other:
04	Volunteer service	08	Don't know

IF Q10 code 01 (Employment) or code 03 (Military/armed services), proceed to Q11. ALL OTHERS skip to Q23.

- 11. Which statement best describes your current employment status? (Check only one)
 - 01 Employed full-time year-round
 - 02 Employed *part-time* year-round
 - 03 Employed full-time seasonally
 - 04 Employed part-time seasonally
 - 05 Unemployed, currently looking for work (skip to Q 23)
 - 06 Unemployed, not looking for work (skip to Q 23)
 - 99 Don't know (skip to Q 23)
- 12. In what industry are you currently employed? (Check only one)

Government
 Health Care/Social Services
 Mining/Oil
 Media/Communications

03 Fishing/Seafood 12 Education

04 Tourism/Hospitality 13 Arts

05 Finance/Insurance/Real Esta (E) -16t

- 23 Sales representative
- 24 Social worker
- 25 Specialist
- 26 Supervisor
- 27 Teacher/instructor/principal
- 28 Technician/technologist
- 29 Therapist/counselor
- 30 Other

14. Which of the following benefits do you receive in your current position?

(Check all that apply)

01 Health insurance 05 Paid leave

O2 Company-funded retirement plan O6 Education reimbursement program

O3 Self-funded retirement plan O7 None of the above

04 Stock options 08 Don't know

15. In your current position, how often do you use skills and knowledge learned from your UA degree or certificate program?

01 Daily 03 Monthly 05 Don't know

02 Weekly 04 Rarely

16. When did you start working

04 Trade journal 11 Job Fair

05